

## Objective

Q 1: Hexadecimal system has total ..... numbers.

- (A) 15                      (B) 18                      (C) 16                      (D) 17

Q 2: The system under which the numerical system is expressed is called:

- (A) All of these              (B) Binary system              (C) Number system              (D) Decimal system

Q 3: What numerical system do we use in our daily life?

- (A) None of these              (B) Binary system              (C) Number system              (D) Decimal system

Q 4: The base of decimal system is:

- (A) 16                      (B) 10                      (C) 2                      (D) 0,1

Q 5: The base of binary system is:

- (A) 16                      (B) 10                      (C) 2                      (D) 0,1

Q 6: Binary numeric systems have numbers:

- (A) 0-16                      (B) 10-16                      (C) 0-9                      (D) 0,1

Q 7: The binary value of the letter A is:

- (A) 1001001                      (B) 11001100                      (C) 10000001                      (D) 1000001

Q 8: The decimal value of the letter A is:

- (A) 65                      (B) 50                      (C) 46                      (D) 35

Q 9: The value of **A** in hexadecimal system is:

- (A) 15                      (B) 12                      (C) 10                      (D) 0,1

Q10: Number "17" is equal to ..... in binary system.

- (A) 10100                      (B) 10001                      (C) 10110                      (D) 10000

Q11: To convert a decimal number into binary number, we divide the number by:

- (A) 16                      (B) 0,1                      (C) 10                      (D) 2

Q12: The number resulting from the division of one number by another is called:

- (A) None                      (B) Both                      (C) Quotient                      (D) Remainder

Q13:  $(69610)_{10}$  in hexadecimal are:

- (A)  $(6FAB)_{16}$                       (B)  $(10FEA)_{16}$                       (C)  $(6FEA)_{16}$                       (D)  $(10FAB)_{15}$

Q14:  $(C9)_{16}$  in binary is:

- (A) 11001001                      (B) 11000001                      (C) 10001101                      (D) 11011001

Q15: The types of memory are:

- (A) 4                      (B) 3                      (C) 2                      (D) 1

Q16: The example of volatile memory is:

- (A) All of these                      (B) CD                      (C) Hard Disk                      (D) RAM

Q17: In which memory is the data temporarily stored?

- (A) None of these                      (B) Both of these                      (C) Non-volatile memory                      (D) Volatile memory

Q18: Data is stored in memory cards:

- (A) Cant saved      (B) Permanently      (C) Temporary      (D) For one month

Q19: Digital computer saved data in the form of:

- (A) None of these      (B) Binary      (C) Hexadecimal      (D) Decimal

Q20: How many bytes will it take to save the name "Pakistan" in computer memory?

- (A) 64      (B) 32      (C) 16      (D) 8

Q21: One byte contains bits:

- (A) 1024      (B) 8      (C) 4      (D) 2



Q22: One kilo byte contains bytes:

- (A) 3062      (B) 2048      (C) 1024      (D) 8

Q23: The least amount of space is required to store any type of information in a computer.

- (A) None of these      (B) 1024 bytes      (C) 8 bytes      (D) One byte

Q24: 1 petabyte is equal to.....bytes:

- (A)  $(1024)^7$       (B)  $(1024)^5$       (C)  $(1024)^6$       (D)  $(1024)^4$

Q25: Expression  $(A+B).(A+C)$  is equal to:

- (A)  $A+(B+C)$       (B)  $A.(B.C)$       (C)  $A.B+A.C$       (D)  $A+(B.C)$

Q26: The order of application of two separate terms is not important in:

- (A) Identity law      (B) Distributive law      (C) Commutative law      (D) Associative law

Q27: "it is cold outside" is:

- (A) None of these      (B) Both      (C) Moral propositions      (D) Boolean Proposition

Q28: Preposition indicates the value:

- (A) None of these      (B) Both      (C) FALSE      (D) TRUE

Q29: AND operator can be denoted by:

- (A) None      (B) -      (C) +      (D) .

Q30: OR operator can be denoted by:

- (A) None      (B) -      (C) +      (D) .

Q31: ..... used to test the preposition.

- (A) None of these      (B) Calculator      (C) Simple table      (D) Truth table

Q32: By negating a negative preposition, we get a ..... preposition:

- (A) None of these      (B) Both      (C) Positive      (D) Negative

Answers:

1	(C)	19	(B)
2	(C)	20	(D)
3	(D)	21	(B)
4	(B)	22	(C)
5	(C)	23	(D)
6	(D)	24	(B)
7	(D)	25	(D)
8	(A)	26	(C)
9	(C)	27	(D)
10	(B)	28	(B)
11	(D)	29	(D)
12	(C)	30	(C)
13	(B)	31	(D)
14	(A)	32	(C)
15	(C)		
16	(D)		
17	(D)		
18	(B)		

